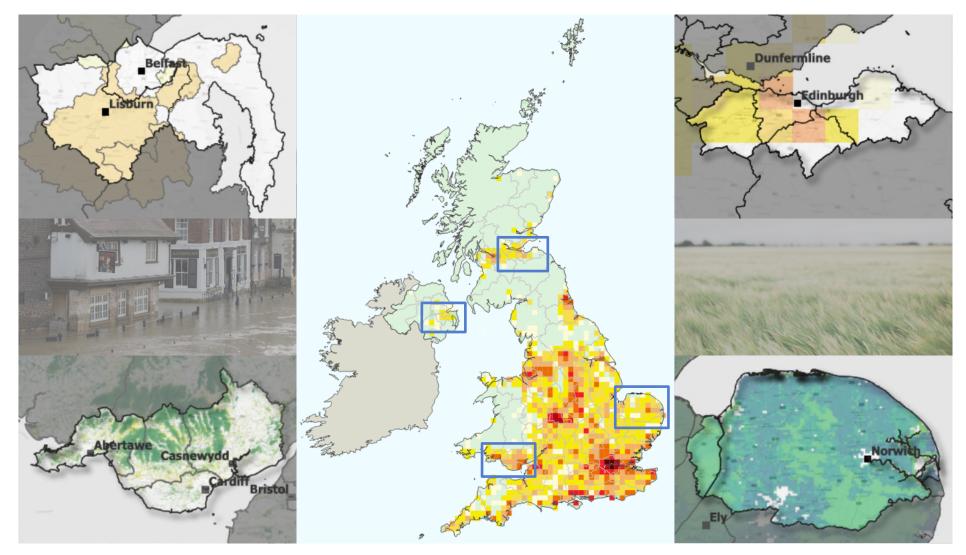
OpenCLIM Local Climate Risk Reports

Local insights from national analysis







What's included?

Agriculture

- Oil seed rape potential yield (units = tonnes per hectare, t/ha)
- Grass potential yield (t/ha)
- Wheat potential yield (t/ha)

These metrics indicate areas where a crop is likely to increase/decrease in yield due to climate-forced changes in temperature and water availability. 1 km grids.

Biodiversity

- Conservation potential (relative units)
- Restoration potential (relative units)
- Urban green space potential (relative units)

These metrics indicate the relative biodiversity impact in a location based on the richness of species remaining. 100 m grids (resampled from 10 m original analysis).

Heat Stress

 Heat-related mortality (units = mean deaths, cumulative deaths)

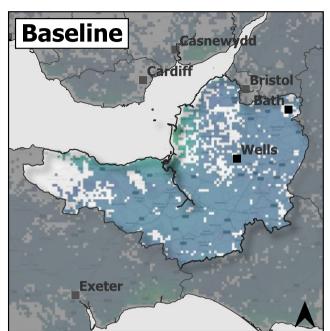
This metric projects the number of excess deaths due to prolonged or extreme warm weather conditions. 12 km grid.

Hydrology

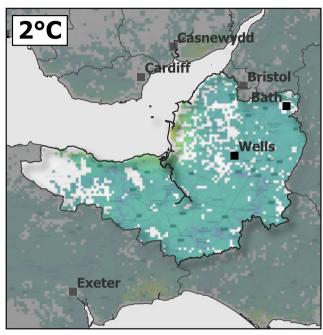
- Drought duration (units = cumulative months per 30 year period)
- 1-in-10-year return period flow (units = flow rate in metres cubed per second, m3/s; difference, %)
- 1-in-100-year return period flow (units = flow rate in metres cubed per second, m3/s; difference, %)

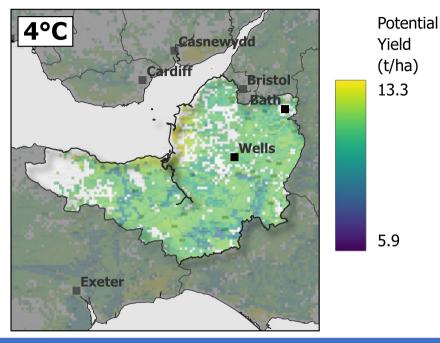
These river flow-rate metrics are shown as a proxy for flooding and should be used alongside e.g. Environment Agency flood indicators. They are gridded at 1km for whole catchments.

Somerset | Potential Yield | Oil Seed Rape



Agriculture





Key Points

Potential yield (tonnes per hectare) shows change in potential oil seed rape yield at 1km resolution, due to heat limitation and water limitation under baseline, 2°C, and 4°C warming scenarios.

Scenarios shown include the CO2 fertilisation effect (enhanced plant productivity).

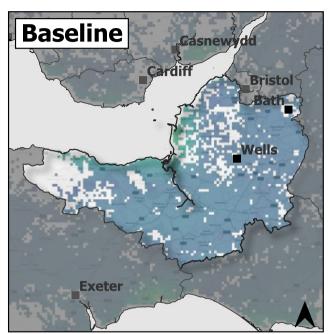
A modest increase in potential yield is projected at 2°C and 4°C for most of the Somerset area.

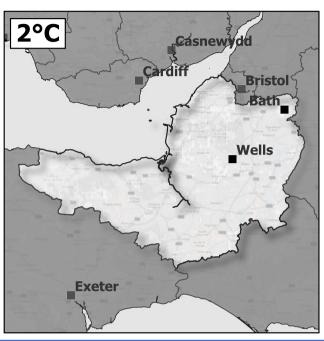
Local Summary

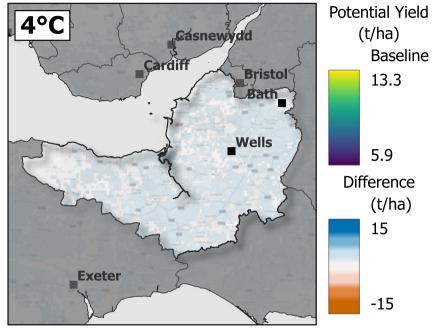
Minimum, mean and maximum potential yield (t/ha) for the Somerset region at baseline, 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios.

		Mean		Mi	nimum		Maximum			
County	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	
Somerset	8.5	9.9	11.3	7.5	7.6	7.5	10.9	12.4	12	

Somerset | Potential Yield - difference | Oil Seed Rape







Key Points

Potential yield (tonnes per hectare) shows change in potential oil seed rape yield at 1km resolution, due to heat limitation and water limitation under baseline scenarios with the difference from baseline at 2°C and 4°C warming level scenarios.

Scenarios shown include the CO2 fertilisation effect (enhanced plant productivity).

A modest increase in potential yield is projected at 2°C and 4°C for most of the Somerset area.

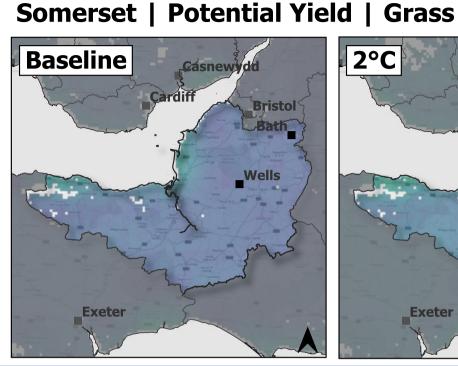
Local Summary

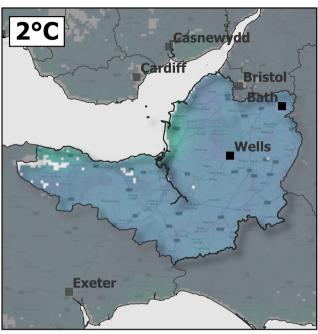
Minimum, mean and maximum potential yield (t/ha) for the Somerset region at baseline, 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios, with the difference from the baseline mean for 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios.

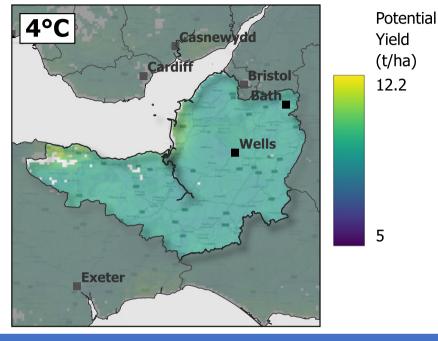
		Mean		Minimum			Maximum			Difference	
County	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	2°C	4°C
Somerset	8.5	9.9	11.3	7.5	7.6	7.5	10.9	12.4	12	1.4	2.8



Agriculture







Key Points

Potential yield (tonnes per hectare) shows change in potential grass yield at 1km resolution, due to heat limitation and water limitation under baseline, 2°C, and 4°C warming scenarios.

Scenarios shown include the CO2 fertilisation effect (enhanced plant productivity).

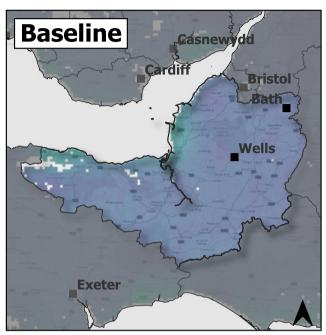
A modest increase in potential yield is projected at 2°C and 4°C for most of the Somerset area.

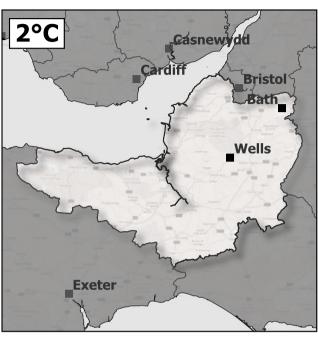
Local Summary

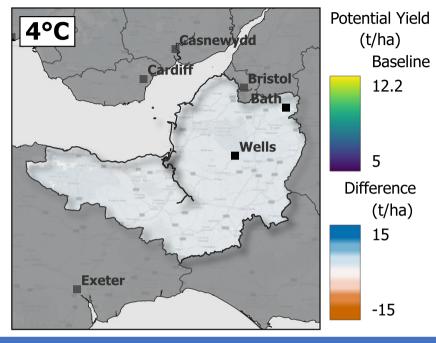
Minimum, mean and maximum potential yield (t/ha) for the Somerset region at baseline, 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios.

		Mean		Mi	nimum		Maximum			
County	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	
Somerset	7	7.6	9.1	6.5	7	8.3	9	9.6	11.7	

Somerset | Potential Yield - difference | Grass







Key Points

Potential yield (tonnes per hectare) shows change in potential grass yield at 1km resolution, due to heat limitation and water limitation under baseline scenarios with the difference from baseline at 2°C and 4°C warming level scenarios.

Scenarios shown include the CO2 fertilisation effect (enhanced plant productivity).

A modest increase in potential yield is projected at 2°C and 4°C for most of the Somerset area.

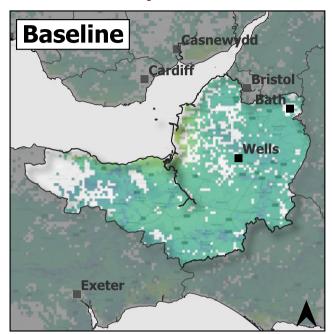
Local Summary

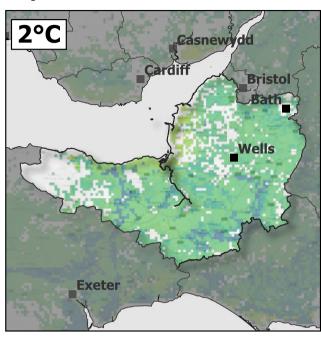
Minimum, mean and maximum potential yield (t/ha) for the Somerset region at baseline, 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios, with the difference from the baseline mean for 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios.

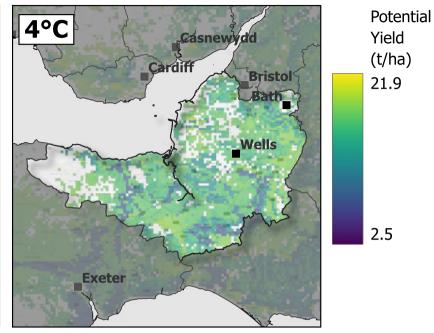
		Mean		М	Minimum			Maximum			Difference	
County	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	2°C	4°C	
Somerset	7	7.6	9.1	6.5	7	8.3	9	9.6	11.7	0.5	2.1	

Agriculture

Somerset | Potential Yield | Wheat







Key Points

Potential yield (tonnes per hectare) shows change in potential wheat yield at 1km resolution, due to heat limitation and water limitation under baseline, 2°C, and 4°C warming scenarios.

Scenarios shown include the CO2 fertilisation effect (enhanced plant productivity).

There is a slight increase in potential yield projected at 2°C and 4°C for most of the Somerset area.

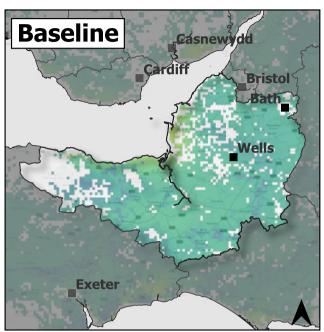
Local Summary

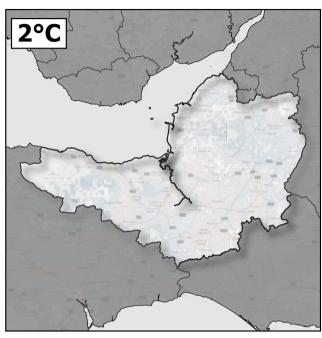
Minimum, mean and maximum potential yield (t/ha) for the Somerset region at baseline, 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios.

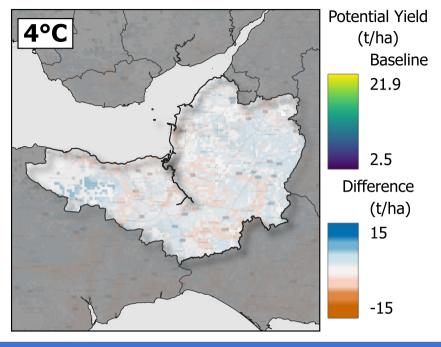
		Mean		Miı	nimum		Maximum			
County	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	
Somerset	15.5	16	15.5	8.6	7.8	6.6	19.4	20	20.7	



Somerset | Potential Yield - difference | Wheat







Key Points

Potential yield (tonnes per hectare) shows change in potential wheat yield at 1km resolution, due to heat limitation and water limitation under baseline scenarios with the difference from baseline at 2°C and 4°C warming level scenarios.

Scenarios shown include the CO2 fertilisation effect (enhanced plant productivity).

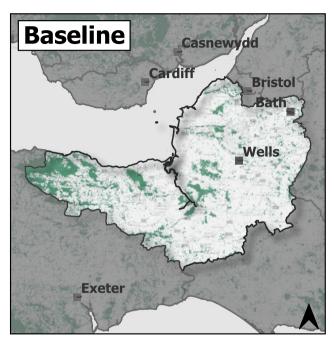
There is slight increase in potential yield projected at 2°C and 4°C for most of the Somerset area.

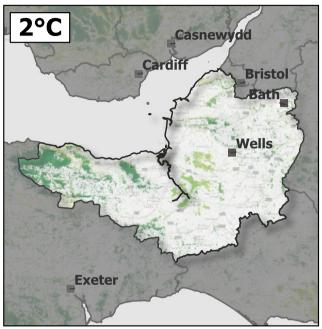
Local Summary

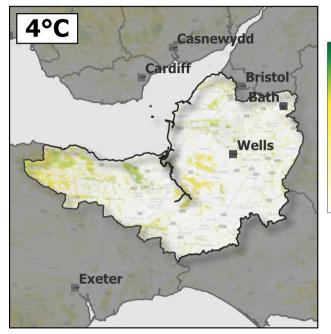
Minimum, mean and maximum potential yield (t/ha) for the Somerset region at baseline, 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios, with the difference from the baseline mean for 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios.

	I	Mean		Minimum			Maximum			Difference	
County	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	2°C	4°C
Somerset	15.5	16	15.5	8.6	7.8	6.6	19.4	20	20.7	0.5	-0.1

Somerset | Conservation | Warming Levels







0

Conservation

100

Key Points

A relative scoring is shown for an area's suitability for Conservation, based on a metric of species richness remaining.

Under 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios, a decline in suitability is projected, with mean values shown in the Table (right).

Under 4°C of warming, only one area is projected to retain a maximum suitability of 100 (range = 60 to 100), while the mean rarely exceeds 50, showing the importance of limiting warming to 2°C or less.

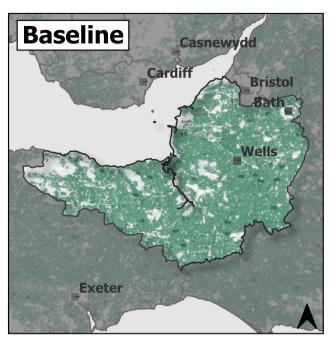
Local Summary

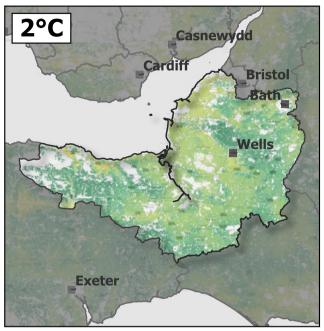
Minimum, mean and maximum conservation potential (%) for Somerset at baseline, 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios.

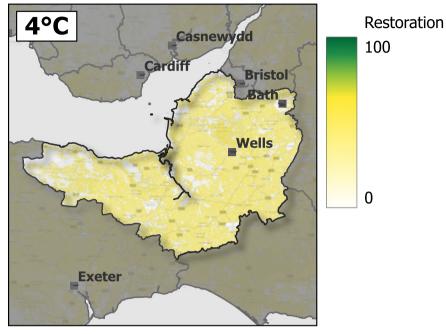
		Mean		Miı	nimum		Maximum			
County	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	
Somerset	19.6	16.9	12.1	0	0	0	100	99	74	



Somerset | Restoration | Warming Levels







Key Points

A relative scoring is shown for an area's suitability for Restoration, based on a metric of species richness remaining.

Under 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios, a decline in suitability is projected, with mean values shown in the Table (right).

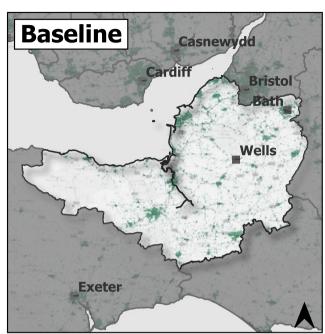
Under 4°C of warming no areas remain with a projected maximum suitability of 100 (range = 60 to 95), showing the importance of limiting warming to 2°C or less.

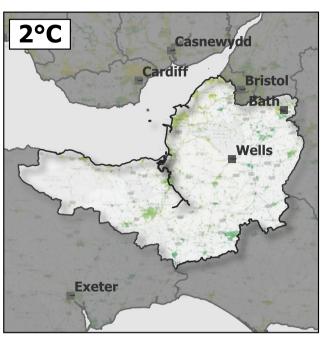
Local Summary

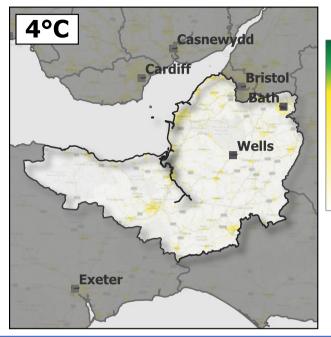
Minimum, mean and maximum restoration potential (%) for Somerset at baseline, 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios.

		Mean		Mi	nimum		Maximum			
County	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	
Somerset	80.4	67	49.7	0	0	0	100	98	74	

Somerset | Urban Green | Warming Levels







100

Urban Green

0

Key Points

A relative scoring is shown for an area's suitability for Urban Green Space, based on a metric of species richness remaining.

Under 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios, a decline in suitability is projected, with mean values shown in the Table (right).

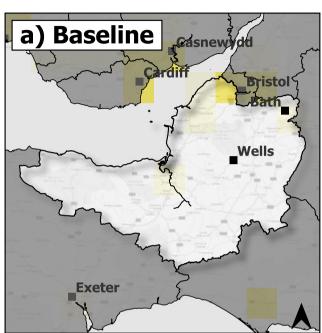
Under 4°C of warming there are no areas remaining with a maximum suitability of 100 (range = 60 to 95), showing the importance of limiting warming to 2°C or less.

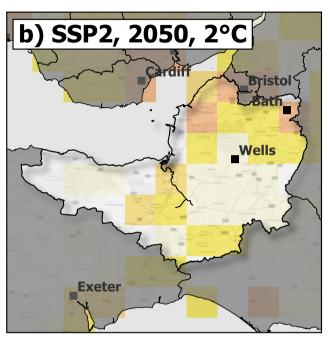
Local Summary

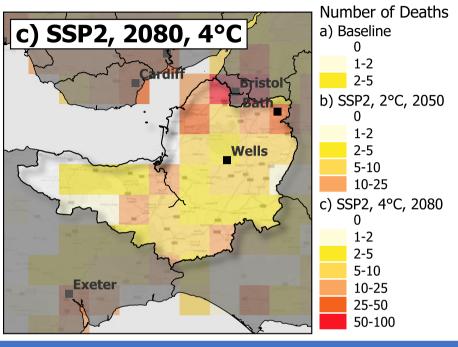
Minimum, mean and maximum urban greenspace potential (%) for Somerset at baseline, 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios.

		Mean		Mi	nimum		Maximum			
County	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	
Somerset	9.1	7.3	5.6	0	0	0	100	97	71	

Somerset | Heat Mortality | Combined Future Scenarios







Key Points

Heat mortality shows average deaths per year at 12km resolution, under future scenarios combining warming (2°C, 4°C), socioeconomics (SSP2, SSP4), and population (2050, 2080).

An increase in heat mortality is projected under 2°C and 4°C scenarios under SSP2. Additional population in 2050 and 2080 also increase mortality.

The climate model ensemble shows a range of outcomes, summarised by the 10th to 90th percentile range (bottom Table, right).

Local Summary

Mean deaths per year and cumulative deaths in Somerset for baseline and future scenarios.

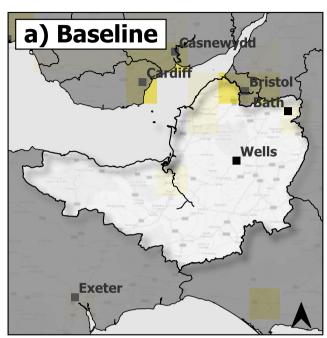
	В	aseline		SSP2 2050 2°C			SSP2 2080 4°C		
County	Mean	Cumulative	Mean	Cumulative	Difference	Mean	Cumulative	Difference	
Somerset	0.6	25.5	3.4	138.5	2.8	10.2	417.9	9.6	

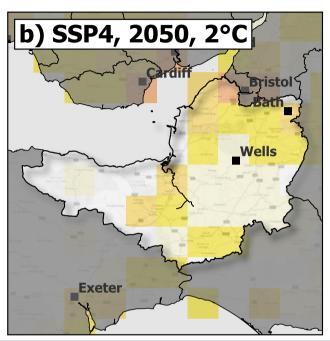
Mean deaths (death/yr) for each future scenario and the climate model ensemble range between 10th and 90th percentile.

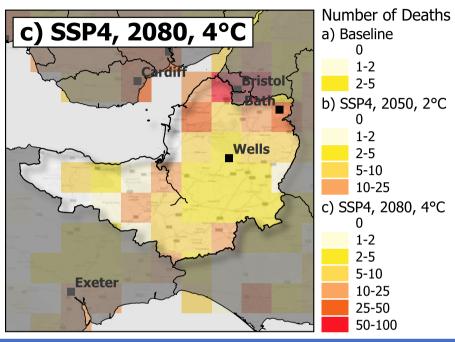
County	Baseline Mean	10th - 90th percentile		10th - 90th percentile		
Somerset	0.6	0 - 5.9	3.4	0 - 31.6	10.2	0.2 - 87.7



Somerset | Heat Mortality | Combined Future Scenarios







Key Points

Heat mortality shows average deaths per year at 12km resolution, under future scenarios combining warming (2°C, 4°C), socioeconomics (SSP2, SSP4), and population (2050, 2080).

An increase in heat mortality is projected under 2°C and 4°C scenarios under SSP4. Additional population in 2050 and 2080 also increase mortality.

The climate model ensemble shows a range of outcomes, summarised by the 10th to 90th percentile range (bottom Table, right).

Local Summary

Mean deaths per year and cumulative deaths in Somerset for baseline and future scenarios.

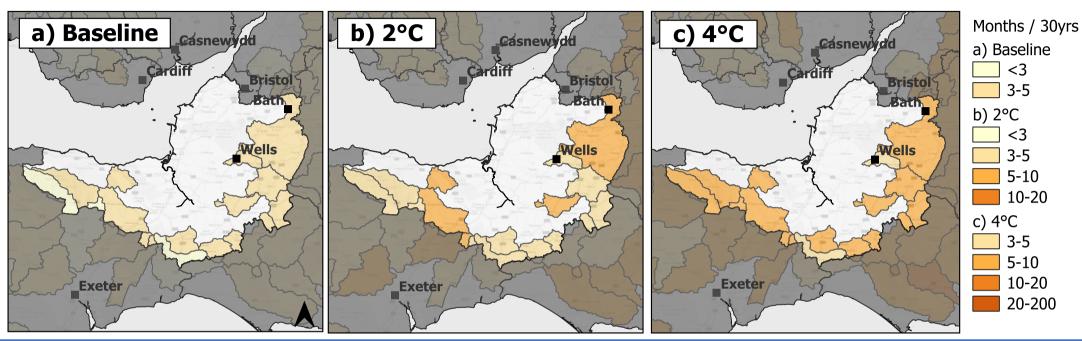
	В	aseline		SSP4 2050	2°C	SSP4 2080 4°C			
County	Mean	Cumulative	Mean	Cumulative	Difference	Mean	Cumulative	Difference	
Somerset	0.6	25.5	3.2	130.6	2.6	8.7	355.1	8	

Mean deaths (death/yr) for each future scenario and the climate model ensemble range between 10th and 90th percentile.

County	Baseline Mean	10th - 90th percentile		10th - 90th percentile		
Somerset	3.1	0 - 27.1	3.2	0 - 29.1	8.7	0.2 - 70.8



Somerset | Drought Duration | Warming Levels



Key Points

Drought duration is a low-flow metric representing the average cumulative duration of drought projected within a future 30-year period.

Gridded 1km results are modelled at catchment scale. Coastal or tidally influenced catchments are not modelled.

Nationally for 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios, most catchments are projected to experience an increase in drought duration, particularly in southern and eastern areas.

The climate model ensemble shows a range of possible future outcomes, summarised by the 10th to 90th percentile range (bottom table).

Local Summary

Median, minimum, and maximum drought duration (months/30-yr) for baseline scenario in Somerset, and the percentage change from baseline for a 2°C and 4°C warming scenario.

	Median			Minimum			Maximum		
County	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C
Somerset	3.3	4.6	6	2.9	3.6	4.6	4.2	6.1	9.3

Median drought duration (months/30-yr) for baseline scenario in Somerset, the climate model ensemble range between 10th and 90th percentile, and the percentage change from baseline for a 2°C and 4°C warming scenario.

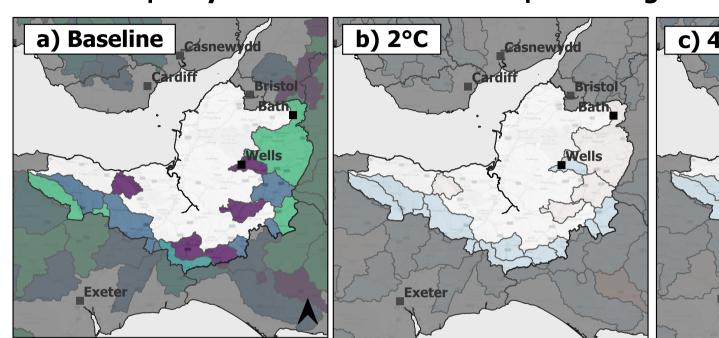
County				10th - 90th percentile		
Somerset	3.3	2.1 - 6.5	4.6	2.3 - 8.9	6	2.7 - 12

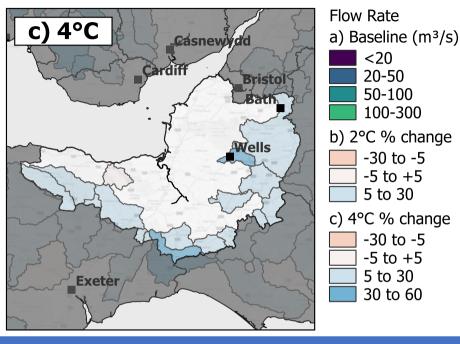


Hydrology

Hydrology

Somerset | 10 year Return Period Flow | Warming Levels





Key Points

The 1-in-10-year return period flow is a high-flow rate metric with a 10% annual probability of occurring. It is a proxy for a low probability, low magnitude flood event.

Nationally for 2°C of warming, most catchments are projected to experience 5% to 30% increase in flows, with little additional increase for most catchments at 4°C. Flow is projected to decrease for some central & eastern catchments.

The climate model ensemble shows a range of outcomes which is summarised by the 10th to 90th percentile range (bottom table).

Local Summary

Median, minimum, and maximum flow rate (m³/s) for baseline scenario in Somerset, and the percentage change from baseline for a 2°C and 4°C warming scenario.

	Median	% cł	nange	Mi	inimum		Ma	aximum	
County	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C
Somerset	35.4	9.2	16.6	5.6	-1.8	0.5	191.9	19.6	31.4

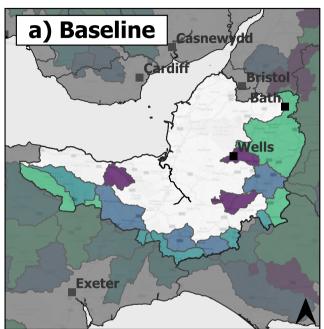
Median flow rate (m3/s) for baseline scenario in Somerset, the climate model ensemble range between 10th and 90th percentile, and the percentage change from baseline for a 2°C and 4°C warming scenario.

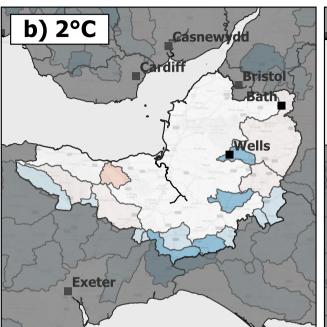
County		10th - 90th percentile	2°C % change	4°C % change
Somerset	35.4	5 - 218	9.2	16.6

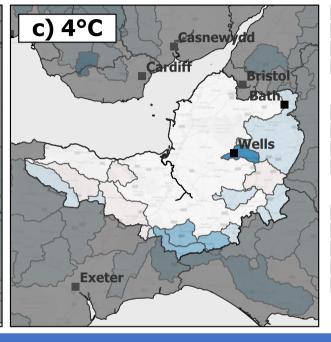


Hydrology

Somerset | 100 year Return Period Flow | Warming Levels

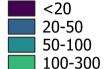






Flow Rate

a) Baseline (m³/s)



b) 2°C % change

-30 to -5 -5 to +5 5 to 30 30 to 60

c) 4°C % change

-30 to -5

5 to 30 30 to 60

>60

Key Points

The 1-in-100-year return period flow is a high-flow rate metric with a 1% annual probability of occurring. It is a proxy for a low probability, high magnitude flood event.

Nationally for 2°C warming, most catchments are projected to experience 5% to 30% increase in flows, while at 4°C more catchments are projected to increase flow >60%. Flow is projected to decrease for some catchments in the East.

The climate model ensemble shows a range of outcomes which is summarised by the 10th to 90th percentile range (bottom table).

Local Summary

Median, minimum, and maximum flow rate (m³/s) for baseline scenario in Somerset, and the percentage change from baseline for a 2°C and 4°C warming scenario.

	Median	% ch	ange	М	inimum		Ma	aximum	
County	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C
Somerset	55	22.4	19.6	9.5	-18.7	-4.9	445.1	50.3	76.3

Median flow rate (m3/s) for baseline scenario in Somerset, the climate model ensemble range between 10th and 90th percentile, and the percentage change from baseline for a 2°C and 4°C warming scenario.

County	Baseline Median	10th - 90th percentile	2°C % change	4°C % change
Somerset	55	5.5 - 380.6	22.4	19.6



Further information

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