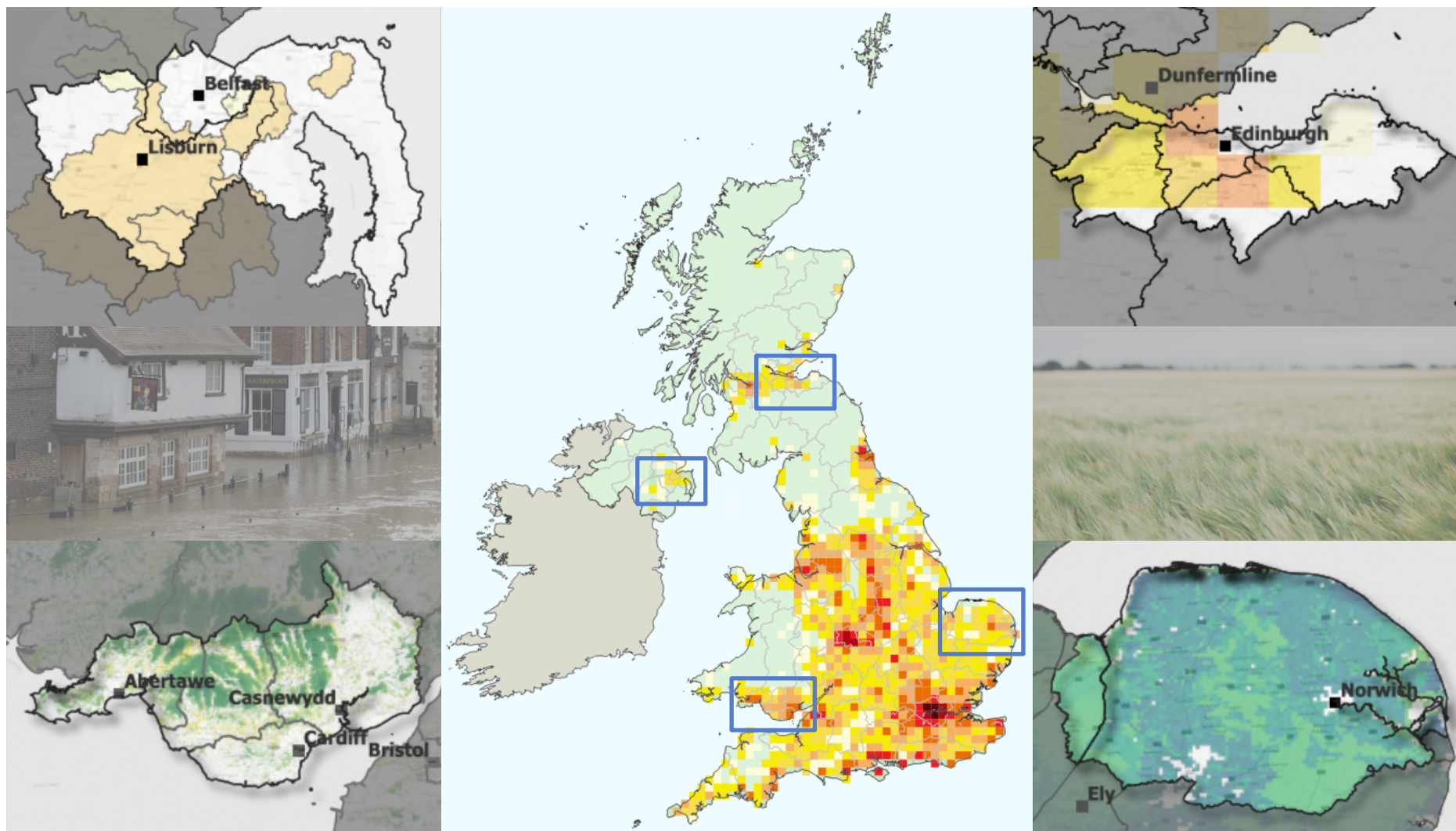


OpenCLIM Local Climate Risk Reports

Local insights from national analysis



What's included?

Agriculture

- Oil seed rape potential yield (units = tonnes per hectare, t/ha)
- Grass potential yield (t/ha)
- Wheat potential yield (t/ha)

These metrics indicate areas where a crop is likely to increase/decrease in yield due to climate-forced changes in temperature and water availability. 1 km grids.

Biodiversity

- Conservation potential (relative units)
- Restoration potential (relative units)
- Urban green space potential (relative units)

These metrics indicate the relative biodiversity impact in a location based on the richness of species remaining. 100 m grids (resampled from 10 m original analysis).

Heat Stress

- Heat-related mortality (units = mean deaths, cumulative deaths)

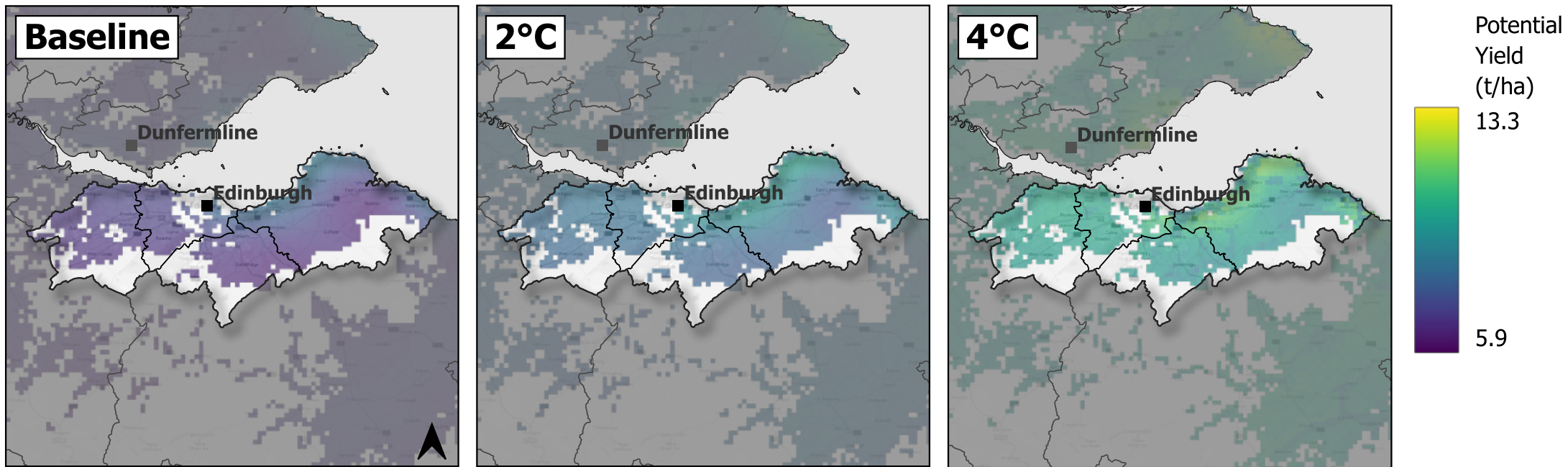
This metric projects the number of excess deaths due to prolonged or extreme warm weather conditions. 12 km grid.

Hydrology

- Drought duration (units = cumulative months per 30 year period)
- 1-in-10-year return period flow (units = flow rate in metres cubed per second, m³/s; difference, %)
- 1-in-100-year return period flow (units = flow rate in metres cubed per second, m³/s; difference, %)

These river flow-rate metrics are shown as a proxy for flooding and should be used alongside e.g. Environment Agency flood indicators. They are gridded at 1km for whole catchments.

Edinburgh and Lothian | Potential Yield | Oil Seed Rape



Key Points

Potential yield (tonnes per hectare) shows change in potential oil seed rape yield at 1km resolution, due to heat limitation and water limitation under baseline, 2°C, and 4°C warming scenarios.

Scenarios shown include the CO₂ fertilisation effect (enhanced plant productivity).

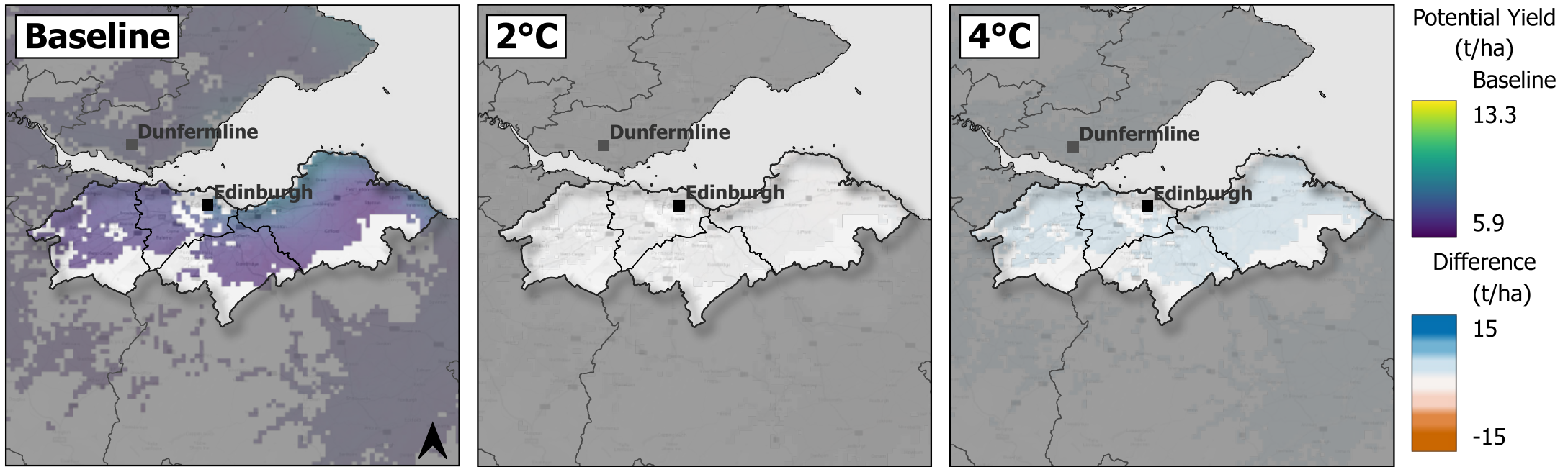
A modest increase in potential yield is projected at 2°C and 4°C for most of the Edinburgh and Lothian area.

Local Summary

Minimum, mean and maximum potential yield (t/ha) for the Edinburgh and Lothian region at baseline, 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios.

County	Mean			Minimum			Maximum		
	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C
East Lothian	7.4	8.7	10.2	6.3	7.5	7.2	8.9	10.3	9.9
Midlothian	6.8	8.2	9.8	6.4	7.7	7.4	7.9	9.4	9
City of Edinburgh	7.2	8.6	10.2	6.7	8.2	7.8	8.3	9.8	9.4
West Lothian	7	8.4	10.1	6.6	8.1	7.7	7.4	8.8	8.4

Edinburgh and Lothian | Potential Yield - difference | Oil Seed Rape



Key Points

Potential yield (tonnes per hectare) shows change in potential oil seed rape yield at 1km resolution, due to heat limitation and water limitation under baseline scenarios with the difference from baseline at 2°C and 4°C warming level scenarios.

Scenarios shown include the CO₂ fertilisation effect (enhanced plant productivity).

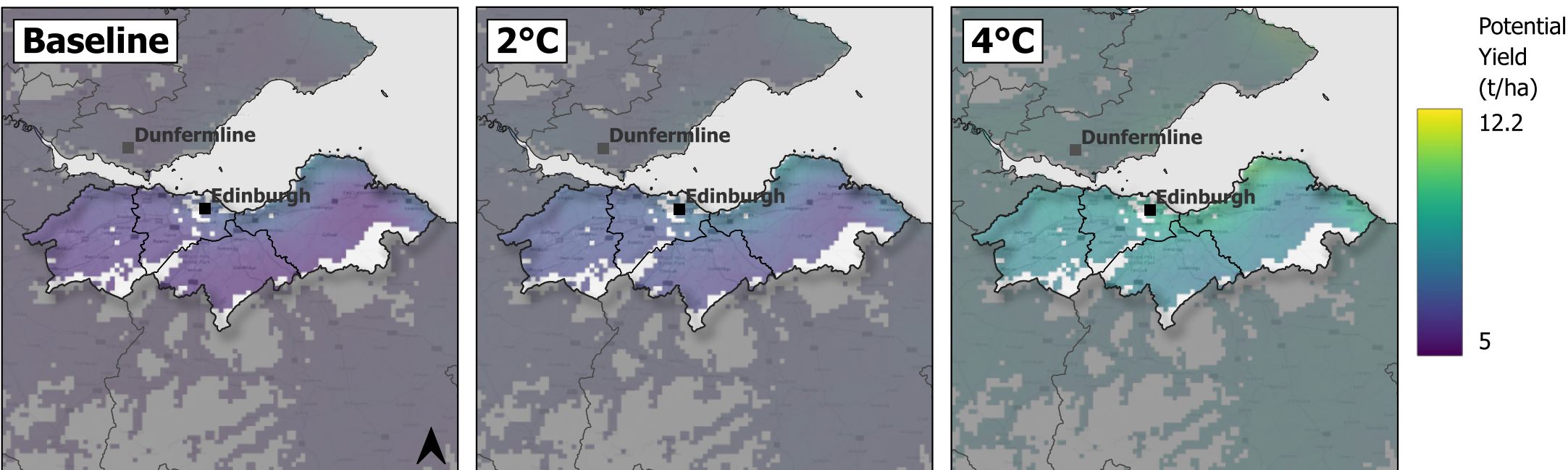
A modest increase in potential yield is projected at 2°C and 4°C for most of the Edinburgh and Lothian area.

Local Summary

Minimum, mean and maximum potential yield (t/ha) for the Edinburgh and Lothian region at baseline, 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios, with the difference from the baseline mean for 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios.

County	Mean			Minimum			Maximum			Difference	
	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	2°C	4°C
East Lothian	7.4	8.7	10.2	6.3	7.5	7.2	8.9	10.3	9.9	1.4	2.8
Midlothian	6.8	8.2	9.8	6.4	7.7	7.4	7.9	9.4	9	1.4	3
City of Edinburgh	7.2	8.6	10.2	6.7	8.2	7.8	8.3	9.8	9.4	1.4	3
West Lothian	7	8.4	10.1	6.6	8.1	7.7	7.4	8.8	8.4	1.4	3.2

Edinburgh and Lothian | Potential Yield | Grass



Key Points

Potential yield (tonnes per hectare) shows change in potential grass yield at 1km resolution, due to heat limitation and water limitation under baseline, 2°C, and 4°C warming scenarios.

Scenarios shown include the CO₂ fertilisation effect (enhanced plant productivity).

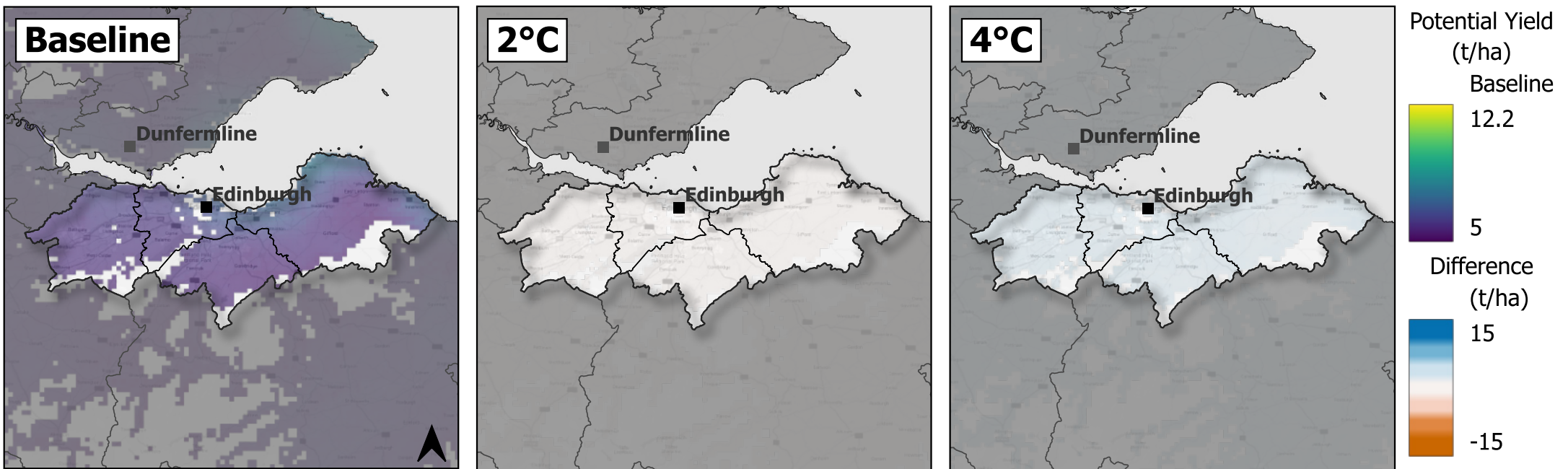
A modest increase in potential yield is projected at 2°C and 4°C for most of the Edinburgh and Lothian area.

Local Summary

Minimum, mean and maximum potential yield (t/ha) for the Edinburgh and Lothian region at baseline, 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios.

County	Mean			Minimum			Maximum		
	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C
East Lothian	6.3	6.9	8.6	5.4	5.9	7.5	7.8	8.4	10.4
Midlothian	5.8	6.5	8.2	5.5	6	7.6	6.8	7.5	9.3
City of Edinburgh	6.2	6.9	8.6	5.8	6.4	8.2	7.2	7.7	9.6
West Lothian	6	6.6	8.4	5.6	6.2	7.9	6.4	7.1	8.9

Edinburgh and Lothian | Potential Yield - difference | Grass



Key Points

Potential yield (tonnes per hectare) shows change in potential grass yield at 1km resolution, due to heat limitation and water limitation under baseline scenarios with the difference from baseline at 2°C and 4°C warming level scenarios.

Scenarios shown include the CO₂ fertilisation effect (enhanced plant productivity).

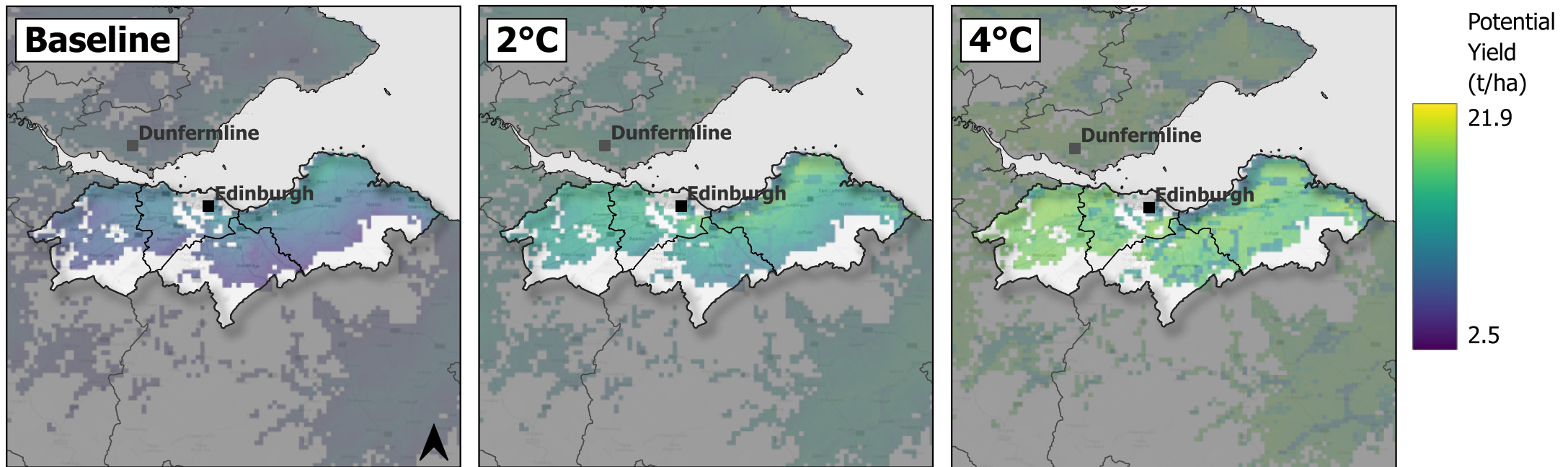
A modest increase in potential yield is projected at 2°C and 4°C for most of the Edinburgh and Lothian area.

Local Summary

Minimum, mean and maximum potential yield (t/ha) for the Edinburgh and Lothian region at baseline, 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios, with the difference from the baseline mean for 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios.

County	Mean			Minimum			Maximum			Difference	
	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	2°C	4°C
East Lothian	6.3	6.9	8.6	5.4	5.9	7.5	7.8	8.4	10.4	0.6	2.4
Midlothian	5.8	6.5	8.2	5.5	6	7.6	6.8	7.5	9.3	0.6	2.4
City of Edinburgh	6.2	6.9	8.6	5.8	6.4	8.2	7.2	7.7	9.6	0.6	2.4
West Lothian	6	6.6	8.4	5.6	6.2	7.9	6.4	7.1	8.9	0.7	2.4

Edinburgh and Lothian | Potential Yield | Wheat



Key Points

Potential yield (tonnes per hectare) shows change in potential wheat yield at 1km resolution, due to heat limitation and water limitation under baseline, 2°C, and 4°C warming scenarios.

Scenarios shown include the CO₂ fertilisation effect (enhanced plant productivity).

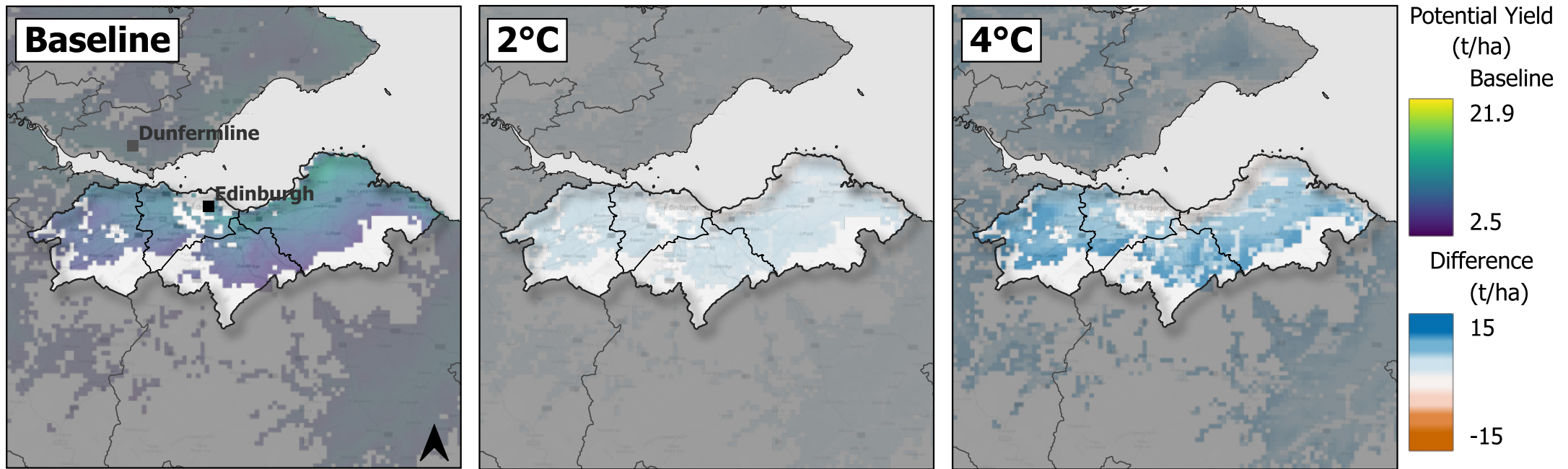
There is a slight increase in potential yield projected at 2°C and 4°C for most of the Edinburgh and Lothian area.

Local Summary

Minimum, mean and maximum potential yield (t/ha) for the Edinburgh and Lothian region at baseline, 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios.

County	Mean			Minimum			Maximum		
	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C
East Lothian	12.3	13.6	15.3	4.2	8.9	8.8	13.8	18.1	19.4
Midlothian	10.3	12.1	15.4	4.2	8.8	9.7	11.2	15.9	18.5
City of Edinburgh	12.4	13.9	16.2	5.6	9.3	8.9	12	17.3	18.6
West Lothian	11.6	13.5	17.6	5.6	10.9	11.4	10.1	15.3	18.6

Edinburgh and Lothian | Potential Yield - difference | Wheat



Key Points

Potential yield (tonnes per hectare) shows change in potential wheat yield at 1km resolution, due to heat limitation and water limitation under baseline scenarios with the difference from baseline at 2°C and 4°C warming level scenarios.

Scenarios shown include the CO2 fertilisation effect (enhanced plant productivity).

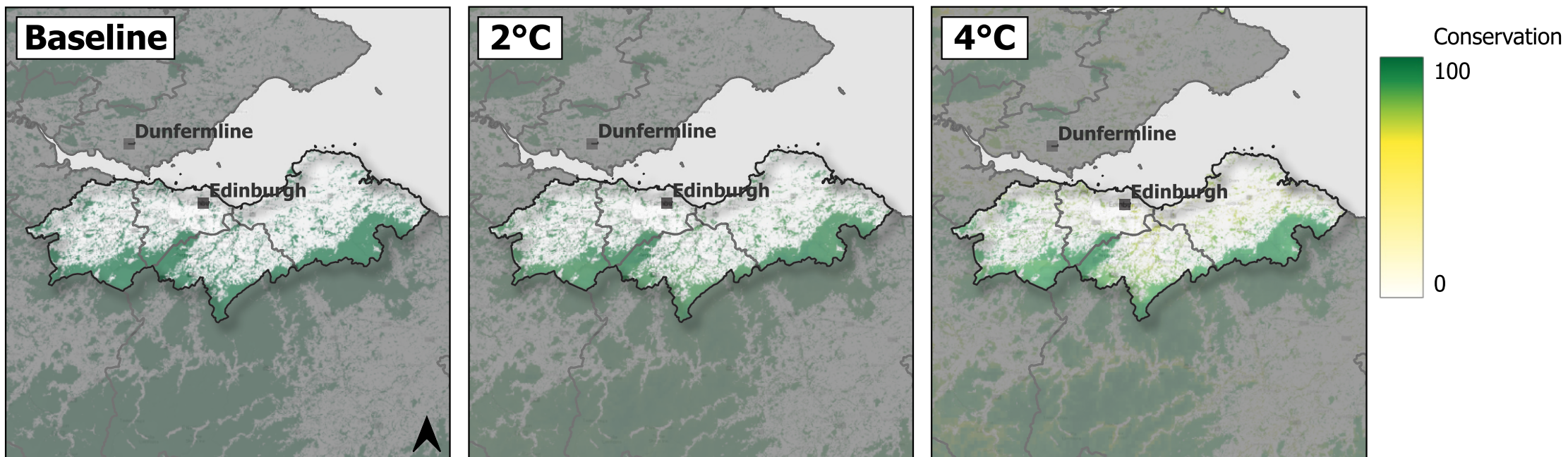
There is slight increase in potential yield projected at 2°C and 4°C for most of the Edinburgh and Lothian area.

Local Summary

Minimum, mean and maximum potential yield (t/ha) for the Edinburgh and Lothian region at baseline, 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios, with the difference from the baseline mean for 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios.

County	Mean			Minimum			Maximum			Difference	
	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	2°C	4°C
East Lothian	12.3	13.6	15.3	4.2	8.9	8.8	13.8	18.1	19.4	1.4	3
Midlothian	10.3	12.1	15.4	4.2	8.8	9.7	11.2	15.9	18.5	1.8	5.1
City of Edinburgh	12.4	13.9	16.2	5.6	9.3	8.9	12	17.3	18.6	1.5	3.8
West Lothian	11.6	13.5	17.6	5.6	10.9	11.4	10.1	15.3	18.6	1.9	6

Edinburgh and Lothian | Conservation | Warming Levels



Key Points

A relative scoring is shown for an area's suitability for Conservation, based on a metric of species richness remaining.

Under 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios, a decline in suitability is projected, with mean values shown in the Table (right).

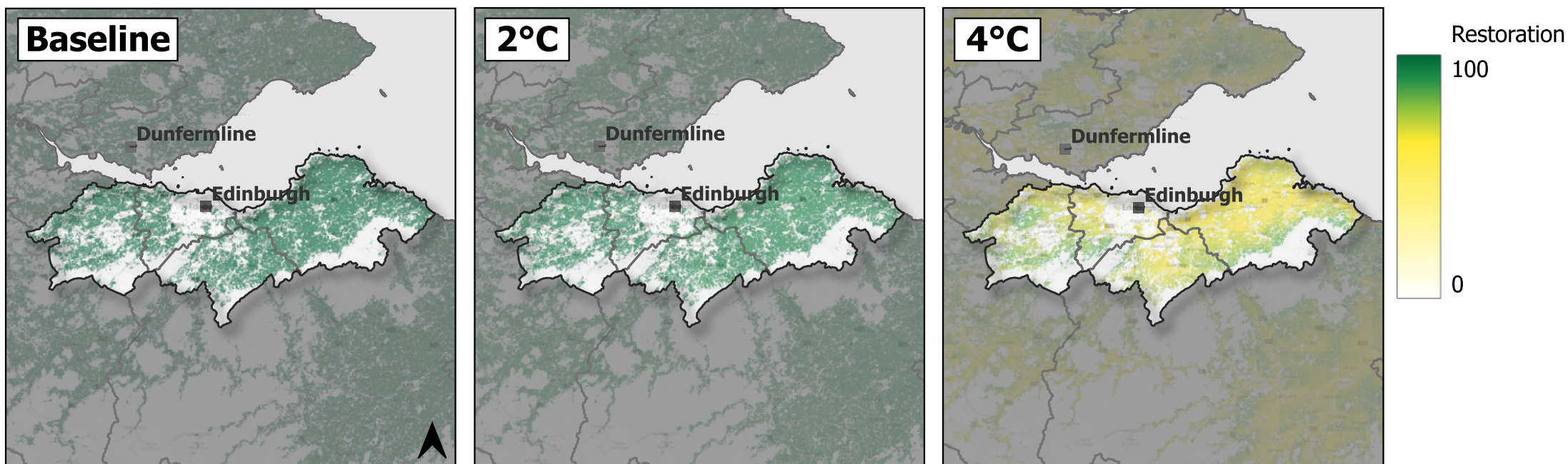
Under 4°C of warming, only one area is projected to retain a maximum suitability of 100 (range = 60 to 100), while the mean rarely exceeds 50, showing the importance of limiting warming to 2°C or less.

Local Summary

Minimum, mean and maximum conservation potential (%) for Edinburgh and Lothian at baseline, 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios.

County	Mean			Minimum			Maximum		
	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C
East Lothian	33.5	31.8	26.9	0	0	0	100	100	93
Midlothian	50.5	47.8	40.2	0	0	0	100	100	96
City of Edinburgh	41.1	38.9	31.9	0	0	0	100	99	93
West Lothian	48.2	46	38.4	0	0	0	100	99	93

Edinburgh and Lothian | Restoration | Warming Levels



Key Points

A relative scoring is shown for an area's suitability for Restoration, based on a metric of species richness remaining.

Under 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios, a decline in suitability is projected, with mean values shown in the Table (right).

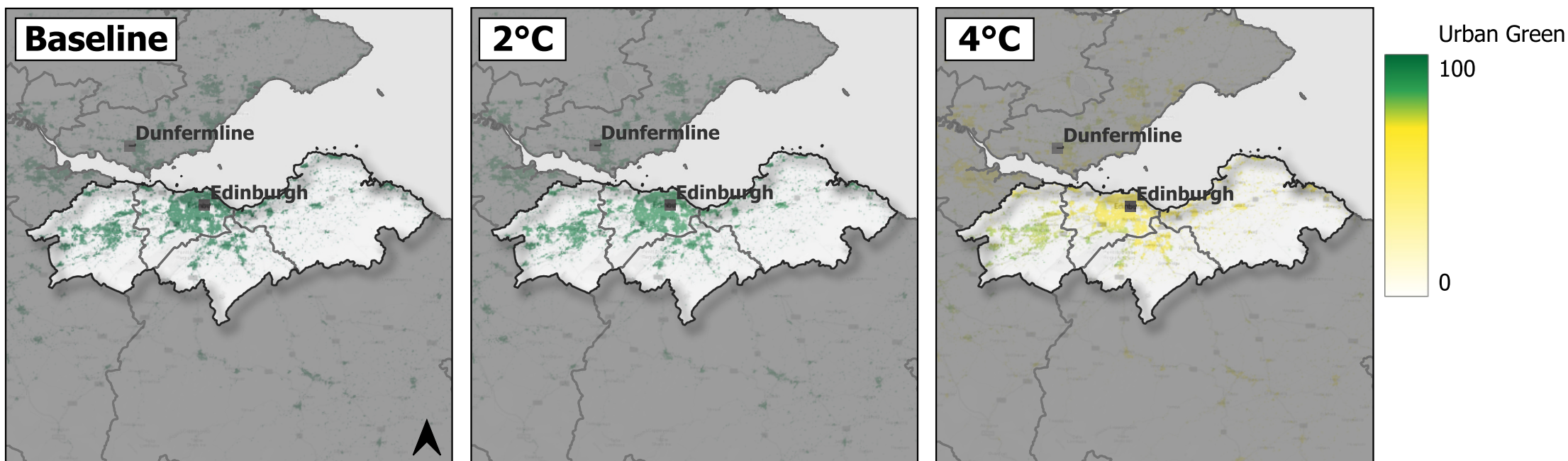
Under 4°C of warming no areas remain with a projected maximum suitability of 100 (range = 60 to 95), showing the importance of limiting warming to 2°C or less.

Local Summary

Minimum, mean and maximum restoration potential (%) for Edinburgh and Lothian at baseline, 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios.

County	Mean			Minimum			Maximum		
	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C
East Lothian	66.5	61.9	47.8	0	0	0	100	98	92
Midlothian	49.5	46.5	36.3	0	0	0	100	99	92
City of Edinburgh	58.9	55.8	43.2	0	0	0	100	98	89
West Lothian	51.8	49.4	39.9	0	0	0	100	98	88

Edinburgh and Lothian | Urban Green | Warming Levels



Key Points

A relative scoring is shown for an area's suitability for Urban Green Space, based on a metric of species richness remaining.

Under 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios, a decline in suitability is projected, with mean values shown in the Table (right).

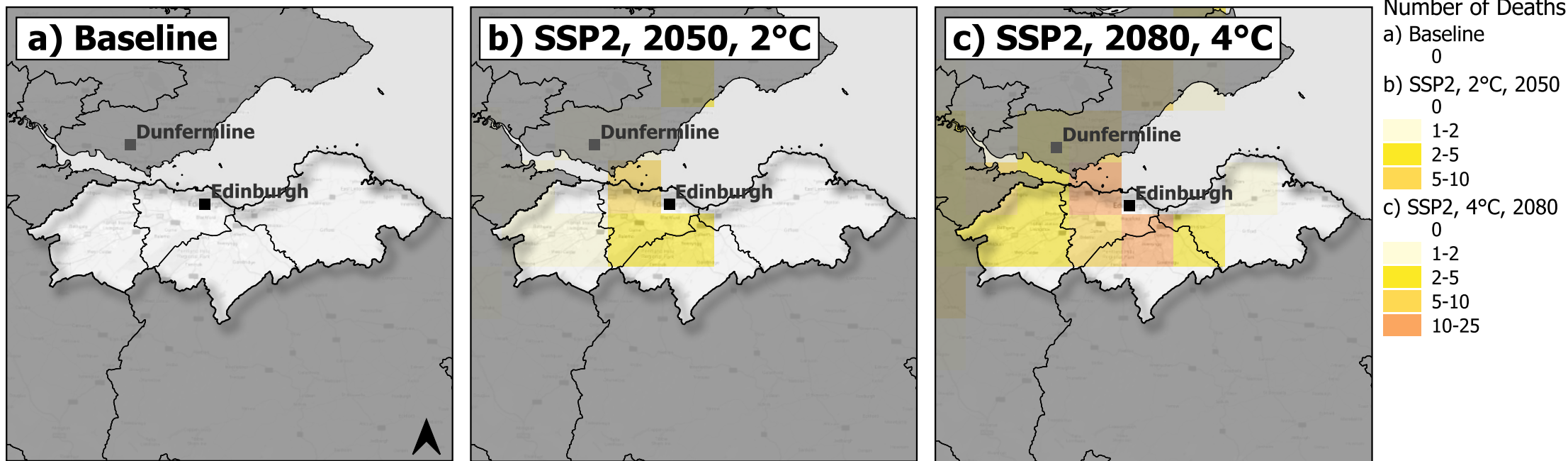
Under 4°C of warming there are no areas remaining with a maximum suitability of 100 (range = 60 to 95), showing the importance of limiting warming to 2°C or less.

Local Summary

Minimum, mean and maximum urban greenspace potential (%) for Edinburgh and Lothian at baseline, 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios.

County	Mean			Minimum			Maximum		
	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C
East Lothian	7.4	6.4	4.9	0	0	0	100	96	87
Midlothian	9.2	8.7	6.5	0	0	0	100	99	92
City of Edinburgh	41.1	37.5	28.1	0	0	0	100	97	86
West Lothian	15.5	14.8	11.8	0	0	0	100	98	85

Edinburgh and Lothian | Heat Mortality | Combined Future Scenarios



Key Points

Heat mortality shows average deaths per year at 12km resolution, under future scenarios combining warming (2°C, 4°C), socioeconomics (SSP2, SSP4), and population (2050, 2080).

An increase in heat mortality is projected under 2°C and 4°C scenarios under SSP2. Additional population in 2050 and 2080 also increase mortality.

The climate model ensemble shows a range of outcomes, summarised by the 10th to 90th percentile range (bottom Table, right).

Local Summary

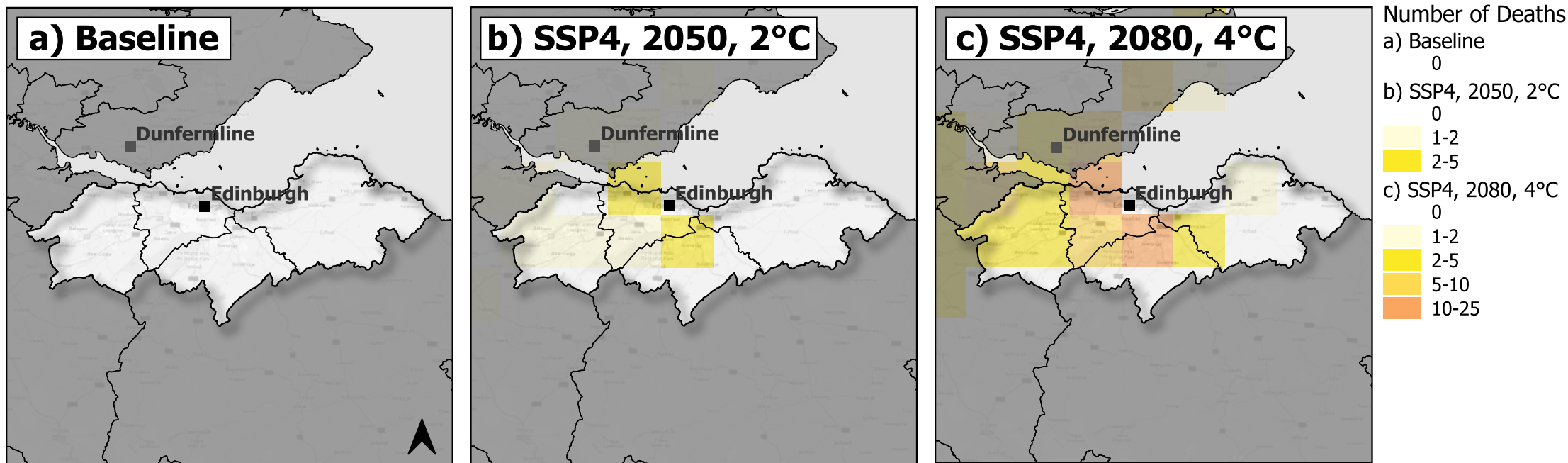
Mean deaths per year and cumulative deaths in Edinburgh and Lothian for baseline and future scenarios.

County	Baseline		SSP2 2050 2°C			SSP2 2080 4°C		
	Mean	Cumulative	Mean	Cumulative	Difference	Mean	Cumulative	Difference
East Lothian	0.1	0.5	0.4	4.2	0.4	1.9	18.9	1.8
Midlothian	0.1	0.8	0.9	6.3	0.8	3.7	25.6	3.5
City of Edinburgh	0.3	1.8	2.1	12.9	1.8	8	47.8	7.7
West Lothian	0.2	1.4	0.9	8.2	0.8	3.2	28.5	3

Mean deaths (death/yr) for each future scenario and the climate model ensemble range between 10th and 90th percentile.

County	Baseline Mean	10th - 90th percentile	SSP2 2050 2°C Mean	10th - 90th percentile	SSP2 2080 4°C Mean	10th - 90th percentile
East Lothian	0.1	0 - 0.7	0.4	0 - 4.3	1.9	0 - 17.2
Midlothian	0.1	0 - 0.7	0.9	0 - 4.3	3.7	0 - 17.2
City of Edinburgh	0.3	0 - 1	2.1	0.1 - 6.8	8	0.2 - 21.9
West Lothian	0.2	0 - 0.5	0.9	0 - 2.8	3.2	0.1 - 9

Edinburgh and Lothian | Heat Mortality | Combined Future Scenarios



Key Points

Heat mortality shows average deaths per year at 12km resolution, under future scenarios combining warming (2°C, 4°C), socioeconomics (SSP2, SSP4), and population (2050, 2080).

An increase in heat mortality is projected under 2°C and 4°C scenarios under SSP4. Additional population in 2050 and 2080 also increase mortality.

The climate model ensemble shows a range of outcomes, summarised by the 10th to 90th percentile range (bottom Table, right).

Local Summary

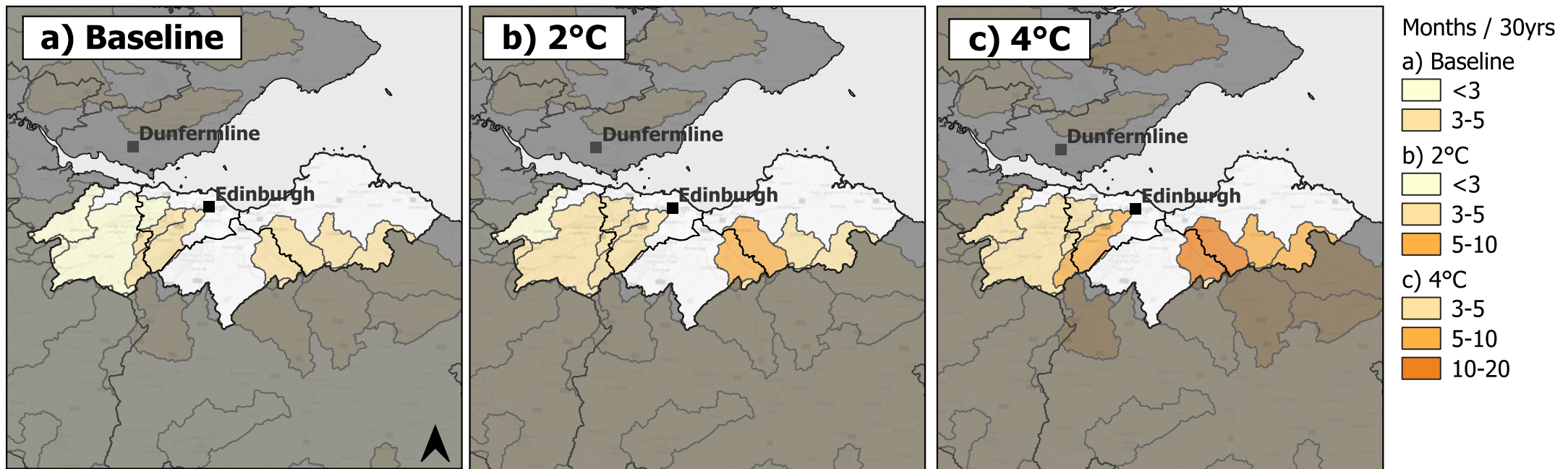
Mean deaths per year and cumulative deaths in Edinburgh and Lothian for baseline and future scenarios.

County	Baseline		SSP4 2050 2°C			SSP4 2080 4°C		
	Mean	Cumulative	Mean	Cumulative	Difference	Mean	Cumulative	Difference
East Lothian	0	0.5	0.4	3.9	0.3	1.6	15.8	1.5
Midlothian	0.1	0.8	0.8	5.8	0.7	3	21.2	2.9
City of Edinburgh	0.3	1.8	2	11.9	1.7	6.5	39	6.2
West Lothian	0.2	1.4	0.9	7.7	0.7	2.6	23.8	2.5

Mean deaths (death/yr) for each future scenario and the climate model ensemble range between 10th and 90th percentile.

County	Baseline Mean	10th - 90th percentile	SSP4 2050 2°C Mean	10th - 90th percentile	SSP4 2080 4°C Mean	10th - 90th percentile
East Lothian	0.4	0 - 3.8	0.4	0 - 4	1.6	0 - 14.2
Midlothian	0.8	0 - 3.8	0.8	0 - 4	3	0.1 - 14.2
City of Edinburgh	1.9	0.1 - 5.9	2	0.1 - 6.2	6.5	0.3 - 17.5
West Lothian	0.8	0 - 2.4	0.9	0 - 2.5	2.6	0.1 - 7.2

Edinburgh and Lothian | Drought Duration | Warming Levels



Key Points

Drought duration is a low-flow metric representing the average cumulative duration of drought projected within a future 30-year period.

Gridded 1km results are modelled at catchment scale. Coastal or tidally influenced catchments are not modelled.

Nationally for 2°C and 4°C warming scenarios, most catchments are projected to experience an increase in drought duration, particularly in southern and eastern areas.

The climate model ensemble shows a range of possible future outcomes, summarised by the 10th to 90th percentile range (bottom table).

Local Summary

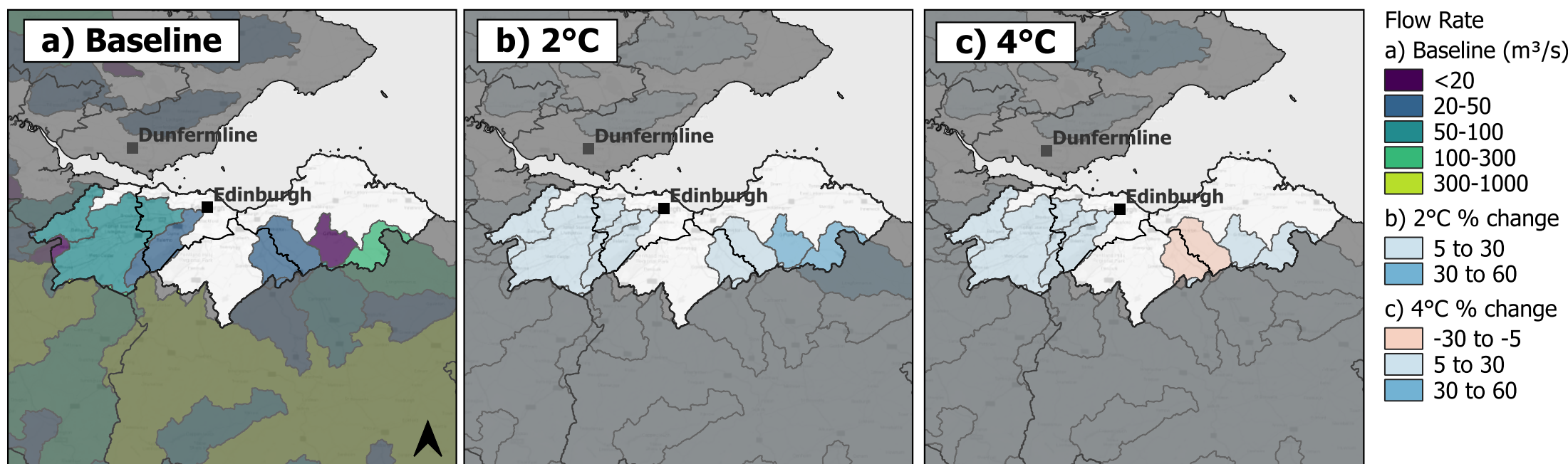
Median, minimum, and maximum drought duration (months/30-yr) for baseline scenario in Edinburgh and Lothian, and the percentage change from baseline for a 2°C and 4°C warming scenario.

County	Median			Minimum			Maximum		
	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C
East Lothian	4	4.8	6.2	2.9	3.4	4	4.2	6.2	10.4
Midlothian	3.3	3.8	4.7	2.9	3.4	4	4.1	6.2	10.4
City of Edinburgh	3.1	3.6	4.5	2.8	3.1	3.4	4	4.8	5.5
West Lothian	3	3.5	4	2.8	3	3.3	4	4.8	5.5

Median drought duration (months/30-yr) for baseline scenario in Edinburgh and Lothian, the climate model ensemble range between 10th and 90th percentile, and the percentage change from baseline for a 2°C and 4°C warming scenario.

County	Baseline Median	10th - 90th percentile	2°C Median	10th - 90th percentile	4°C Median	10th - 90th percentile
East Lothian	4	2.6 - 5.3	4.8	2.6 - 10.2	6.2	3.2 - 16.8
Midlothian	3.3	2.1 - 5.1	3.8	2.4 - 10.2	4.7	2.8 - 16.8
City of Edinburgh	3.1	2.1 - 5	3.6	2.4 - 5.6	4.5	2.7 - 7.7
West Lothian	3	2.1 - 5	3.5	2.4 - 5.6	4	2.7 - 7.7

Edinburgh and Lothian | 10 year Return Period Flow | Warming Levels



Key Points

The 1-in-10-year return period flow is a high-flow rate metric with a 10% annual probability of occurring. It is a proxy for a low probability, low magnitude flood event.

Nationally for 2°C of warming, most catchments are projected to experience 5% to 30% increase in flows, with little additional increase for most catchments at 4°C. Flow is projected to decrease for some central & eastern catchments.

The climate model ensemble shows a range of outcomes which is summarised by the 10th to 90th percentile range (bottom table).

Local Summary

Median, minimum, and maximum flow rate (m^3/s) for baseline scenario in Edinburgh and Lothian, and the percentage change from baseline for a 2°C and 4°C warming scenario.

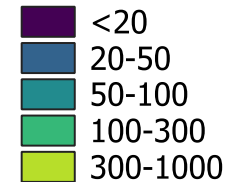
	Median			% change			Minimum			Maximum		
County	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C
East Lothian	55.2	23.2	13.5	18.3	16.5	-5.4	606.1	36.2	28.3			
Midlothian	41.8	16.9	17.7	23.3	5.4	-5.4	606.1	23.9	23			
City of Edinburgh	86.5	16.9	20.9	7.6	5.4	15.4	606.1	23.2	23			
West Lothian	121	16	19.8	7.6	5.4	14.7	606.1	23.2	24.9			

Median flow rate (m^3/s) for baseline scenario in Edinburgh and Lothian, the climate model ensemble range between 10th and 90th percentile, and the percentage change from baseline for a 2°C and 4°C warming scenario.

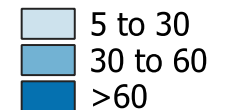
County	Baseline Median	10th - 90th percentile	2°C % change	4°C % change
East Lothian	55.2	15.1 - 670.6	23.2	13.5
Midlothian	41.8	18.1 - 670.6	16.9	17.7
City of Edinburgh	86.5	6.2 - 670.6	16.9	20.9
West Lothian	121	6.2 - 670.6	16	19.8

Edinburgh and Lothian | 100 year Return Period Flow | Warming Levels

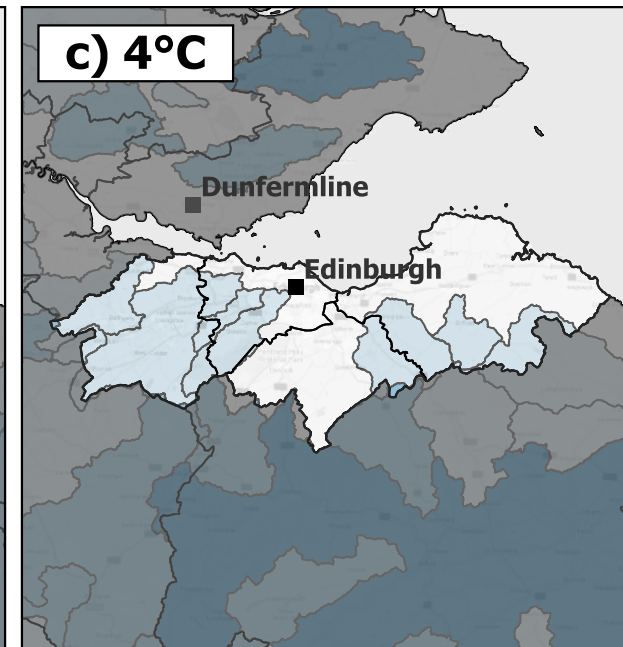
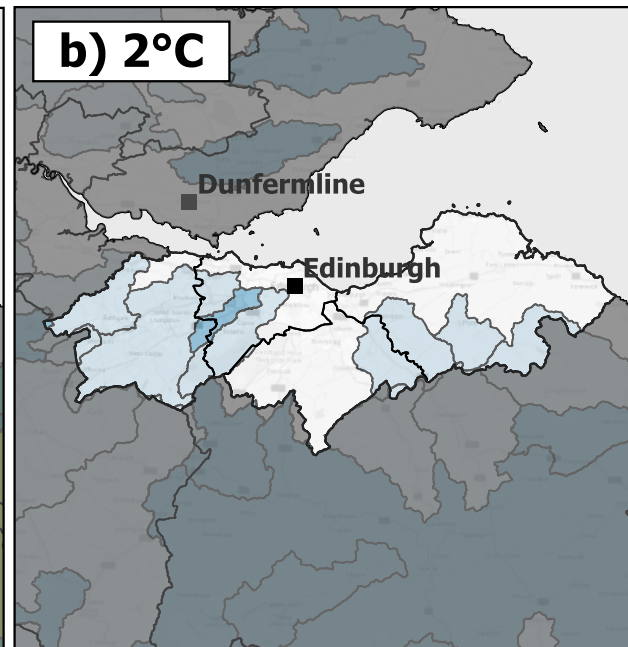
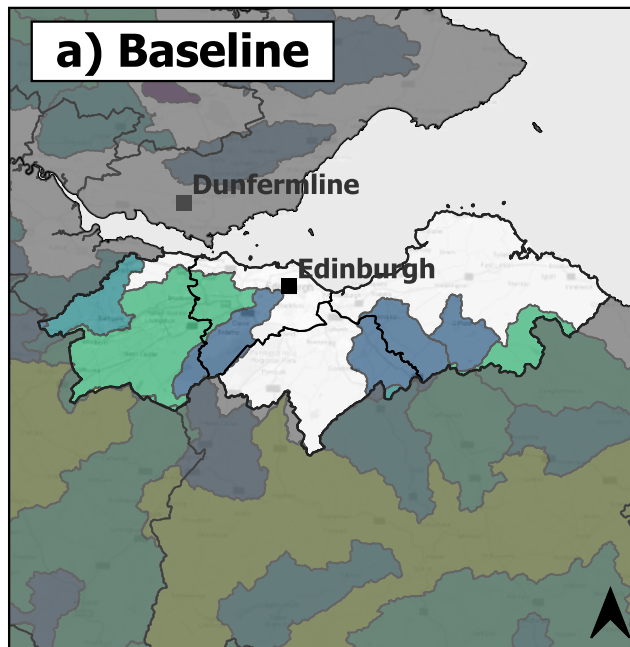
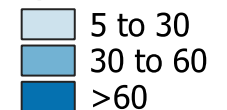
Flow Rate

a) Baseline (m³/s)

b) 2°C % change



c) 4°C % change



Key Points

The 1-in-100-year return period flow is a high-flow rate metric with a 1% annual probability of occurring. It is a proxy for a low probability, high magnitude flood event.

Nationally for 2°C warming, most catchments are projected to experience 5% to 30% increase in flows, while at 4°C more catchments are projected to increase flow >60%. Flow is projected to decrease for some catchments in the East.

The climate model ensemble shows a range of outcomes which is summarised by the 10th to 90th percentile range (bottom table).

Local Summary

Median, minimum, and maximum flow rate (m³/s) for baseline scenario in Edinburgh and Lothian, and the percentage change from baseline for a 2°C and 4°C warming scenario.

County	Median	% change		Minimum			Maximum		
	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C	Baseline	2°C	4°C
East Lothian	124.1	25.2	10	40.6	12.4	6.4	1158.8	37.8	60.3
Midlothian	83.2	36	40.7	36.9	17.1	6.4	1158.8	44.8	60.3
City of Edinburgh	126.4	36	40.7	16.9	26	16.7	1158.8	44.8	60.3
West Lothian	158.9	28.7	30.1	16.9	20.5	16.7	1158.8	44.8	60.3

Median flow rate (m³/s) for baseline scenario in Edinburgh and Lothian, the climate model ensemble range between 10th and 90th percentile, and the percentage change from baseline for a 2°C and 4°C warming scenario.

County	Baseline Median	10th - 90th percentile	2°C % change	4°C % change
East Lothian	124.1	23.8 - 1474.9	25.2	10
Midlothian	83.2	23.8 - 1474.9	36	40.7
City of Edinburgh	126.4	8.5 - 1474.9	36	40.7
West Lothian	158.9	8.5 - 1474.9	28.7	30.1

Further information

OpenCLIM disclaimer / intended use statement

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